

Second Informal Plenary Discussion on RC Funding Handouts

November 2023



THE IMPACT OF CURRENT SHORTFALL OF RC SYSTEM FUNDING OF \$85M Reduction of core RCO capacities, funding for country-level coordination and RC leadership



RC Leadership of UN Country Teams

Limited funding leads to less effective and coherent UN offer, due to:

- Reduced intake of RC candidates in the RC Talent Pipeline (reduced by 46% in 2022 and further by 28% in 2023), which led to 17% RC posts not filled in 2023. Impacting RC career track and ability to attract talent.
- Suspension of coaching for most RCs



REDUCED ABILITY TO DEPLOY LEADERS TO FILL RC VACANCIES

Accountability & Transparency

Lower RCO data and communications capacities along with reduced investments in systems improvements lead to:

- Inconsistent awareness of UN activities and results in the country
- Limited ability to support SDG-related advocacy and campaigns
- Slower progress in improvements to system-wide reporting and reduced quality of data (e.g. UN INFO platform)



REDUCED CAPACITY TO ENSURE TRANSPARENCY
AND ACCOUNTABILITY FOR RESULTS

Cross-pillar Synergies & Crisis Response

Budget shortfalls constrain ability to support countries in special situations with timely and scaled-up support for prevention, crisis response, recovery and resilience, due to:

- Lower fielding of tailored capacities in RCOs to help align UN-wide interventions
- Constrained RC ability to help respond to sudden crises in countries without preexisting humanitarian presence (29 OCHA country offices and 21 Humanitarian Advisory Teams working with/embedded in RCOs)
- Limited ability of the UNCT to scale up engagement in mission transition settings
 IMPACT

LOWER ABILITY TO ENSURE COORDINATED RESPONSES ACROSS DEVELOPMENT, HUMANITARIAN AND PEACEBUILDING INTERVENTIONS

SDG Solutions & Financing

Pausing RC Office recruitments (78 affecting 52 countries in 2023) and lower Coordination Fund (from \$35 million to \$12 million in 2023) constrains ability to meet specific country needs, due to:

- Limited RC ability to convene relevant stakeholders at national & local levels in response to agreed Cooperation Framework priorities and internationally-agreed mandates
- Less regular updates to the Common Country Analysis
- Reduced ability to support UNCT-wide integrated approaches for SDG acceleration
- Limited capacity to undertake coordinated macroeconomic analyses and facilitate SDG
- financing responses across UNCT and development partners (including IFIs and private sector) constraining innovative financing solutions, and support to Integrated National Financing Frameworks



REDUCED ABILITY FOR EFFECTIVE, COHERENT UNCT RESPONSE FOR (1) SDG POLICY ACCELERATION AND (2) SDG FINANCING SOLUTIONS, TAILORED TO DELIVER THE COOPERATION FRAMEWORKS

Efficiencies

Reduced investments by 46% from 2022 to 2023, to support implementation of the UNSDG Efficiency Roadmap, due to the budget shortfalls, lead to:

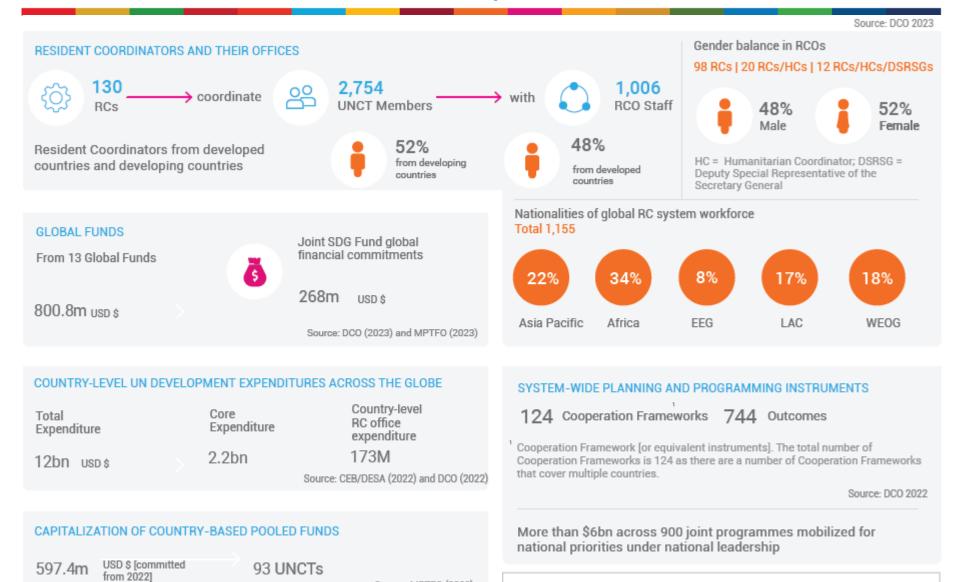
- Limited capacity to implement and systematically report on 131 country-level Business Operation Strategies
- Focus on rollout of **Common Back-Offices in only six countries, instead of 30** as targeted in the Efficiency Roadmap
- Delayed Common Premises in 4 countries



REDUCED COORDINATION OF SYSTEM SUPPORT TO ADVANCE SYSTEM-WIDE EFFICIENCES

Resident Coordinator Leadership in Action





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Source: MPTFO (2023)

Government Feedback on the UN development system



Country team programming and policy support is increasingly well regarded by host governments, with stronger alignment to national needs and priorities



of host governments globally agree that **Cooperation Frameworks** enabled them to ensure that UN activities effectively respond to national priorities, an increase from 89% since the inception of the reforms



of host governments globally agree that **UNCTs** operate collaboratively



of host governments globally said **UNCTs have the right mix of capacities** to support national development efforts (from 76% since the reforms)



of host governments globally consider the **UNCT configuration adequately tailored** to meet their challenges and needs – an improvement from 81% in 2021



of host governments globally agree the UN adequately provided **evidence-based policy advice** in 2022, compared to 88% in 2021



or more of host governments globally say that technical support, support for **capacity and data**, and support to leverage **partnerships for national priorities** is adequate



of host governments globally say that the UNCTs provide adequate support to **financing for the SDGs**



of host governments globally say that UNCTs are more focused on **common results**

Source: Independent government surveys conducted by DESA in 2022

Government Feedback on the UN development system



Resident Coordinators are utilizing their convening power to bring the development system together. Both Governments and UNCTs value their support.



of host governments agree that RCs have the needed **profile** and skillsets, increase from 88% in 2020



say RCs contributed to leveraging **partnerships** in support of national efforts to advance the 20230 Agenda and achieve the SDGs, compared to 85% in 2020



of host governments say the RC serves as a strengthened **entry point to the UN offer** - a 35% increase from perceptions pre-reforms



of host governments confirm that RCs effectively lead the delivery of **strategic support** for national plans and priorities, as indicated in 2021



of host governments note that RCs provide strengthened **leadership** compared to before the reforms - a 30% jump since 2019



of host governments point out that RCs contributed to building stronger synergies across development, humanitarian and peacebuilding interventions, as in 2020



of host governments agreed that RCs displayed strengthened/increased **impartiality** vis-a-vis UN entities than before the reforms



of host governments agree that RCs have the needed **profile** and skillsets, increase from 88% in 2020



donor governments agree the RC system stepped up **collective and coherent action** and helped leverage the comparative advantages of UN entities



donor governments say that the RC system helped **minimize duplication** of efforts and advances efficient use of resources

